S5 Fig. Distribution of $\Delta C_T$ values of individual male worms from the *T. circumcincta* strains RS$^3$ and $S_{\text{inbred}}$. Note that $\Delta C_T$ values represent the difference in the number of PCR cycles required to reach a fixed DNA threshold for the target (*Tci-pgp-9*) and reference genes (*Tci-tbb-iso-1*). Thus low $\Delta C_T$ values indicate high template concentrations of target relative to the reference gene while high $\Delta C_T$ values indicate low template concentrations of target relative to the reference gene.