Statistics

For all statistical analyses, confirm that the following items are present in the figure legend, table legend, main text, or Methods section.

- The exact sample size (n) for each experimental group/condition, given as a discrete number and unit of measurement
- A statement on whether measurements were taken from distinct samples or whether the same sample was measured repeatedly
- The statistical test(s) used AND whether they are one- or two-sided
- A description of all covariates tested
- A description of any assumptions or corrections, such as tests of normality and adjustment for multiple comparisons
- A full description of the statistical parameters including central tendency (e.g. means) or other basic estimates (e.g. regression coefficient) AND variation (e.g. standard deviation) or associated estimates of uncertainty (e.g. confidence intervals)
- For null hypothesis testing, the test statistic (e.g. F, t, r) with confidence intervals, effect sizes, degrees of freedom and P value noted. Give P values as exact values whenever suitable.
- For Bayesian analysis, information on the choice of priors and Markov chain Monte Carlo settings
- For hierarchical and complex designs, identification of the appropriate level for tests and full reporting of outcomes
- For null hypothesis testing, effect sizes (e.g. Cohen's d, Pearson's r), indicating how they were calculated

Our web collection on statistics for biologists contains articles on many of the points above.

Software and code

Policy information about availability of computer code

Data collection

No software for data collection for this study was used.

Data analysis

The software used was open source, e.g. R, METAL, standard GWAS software, and is listed in the methods and in Supplementary Data 2.

For manuscripts utilizing custom algorithms or software that are central to the research but not yet described in published literature, software must be made available to editors/reviewers. We strongly encourage code deposition in a community repository (e.g. GitHub). See the Nature Research guidelines for submitting code & software for further information.

Data

Policy information about availability of data

All manuscripts must include a data availability statement. This statement should provide the following information, where applicable:

- Accession codes, unique identifiers, or web links for publicly available datasets
- A list of figures that have associated raw data
- A description of any restrictions on data availability

Summary genetic association results are freely available on the CKDGen Consortium website [https://ckdgen.imbi.uni-freiburg.de/].

Field-specific reporting

Please select the one below that is the best fit for your research. If you are not sure, read the appropriate sections before making your selection.

- Life sciences
- Behavioural & social sciences
- Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences

For a reference copy of the document with all sections, see nature.com/documents/re-reporting-summary-flat.pdf
**Life sciences study design**

All studies must disclose these points even when the disclosure is negative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Sample size</th>
<th>Discovery project using maximum sample size available effectively doubling sample size of former projects. Therefore, no sample-size calculation was performed.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Data exclusions</td>
<td>We excluded studies with less than 100 cases from our microalbuminuria GWAS.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Replication</td>
<td>To overcome the lack of replication samples available, we compared our GWAS results that included both CKDGen and UK Biobank samples to the findings of a similar published GWAS based on UK Biobank only to our CKDGen meta-analysis excluding the larger UK Biobank sample.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randomization</td>
<td>Samples were population based. The analyses were adjusted for age, sex and relevant study-specific covariates such as principal components for population stratification, study center and family-structure (e.g. by inclusion of the kinship matrix as a random effect) if applicable.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Blinding</td>
<td>Cohort allocation was not part of this project and was performed accordingly prior to this project.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Behavioural & social sciences study design**

All studies must disclose these points even when the disclosure is negative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study description</th>
<th>Briefly describe the study type including whether data are quantitative, qualitative, or mixed-methods (e.g. qualitative cross-sectional, quantitative experimental, mixed-methods case study).</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research sample</td>
<td>State the research sample (e.g. Harvard university undergraduates, villagers in rural India) and provide relevant demographic information (e.g. age, sex) and indicate whether the sample is representative. Provide a rationale for the study sample chosen. For studies involving existing datasets, please describe the dataset and source.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sampling strategy</td>
<td>Describe the sampling procedure (e.g. random, snowball, stratified, convenience). Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient. For qualitative data, please indicate whether data saturation was considered, and what criteria were used to decide that no further sampling was needed.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data collection</td>
<td>Provide details about the data collection procedure, including the instruments or devices used to record the data (e.g. pen and paper, computer, eye tracker, video or audio equipment) whether anyone was present besides the participant(s) and the researcher, and whether the researcher was blind to experimental condition and/or the study hypothesis during data collection.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Timing</td>
<td>Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection. If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data exclusions</td>
<td>If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, provide the exact number of exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Non-participation</td>
<td>State how many participants dropped out/declined participation and the reason(s) given OR provide response rate OR state that no participants dropped out/declined participation.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Randomization</td>
<td>If participants were not allocated into experimental groups, state so OR describe how participants were allocated to groups, and if allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

**Ecological, evolutionary & environmental sciences study design**

All studies must disclose these points even when the disclosure is negative.

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>Study description</th>
<th>Briefly describe the study. For quantitative data include treatment factors and interactions, design structure (e.g. factorial, nested, hierarchical), nature and number of experimental units and replicates.</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>Research sample</td>
<td>Describe the research sample (e.g. a group of tagged Passer domesticus, all Stenocereus thurberi within Organ Pipe Cactus National Monument), and provide a rationale for the sample choice. When relevant, describe the organism taxa, source, sex, age range and any manipulations. State what population the sample is meant to represent when applicable. For studies involving existing datasets, describe the data and its source.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Sampling strategy</td>
<td>Note the sampling procedure. Describe the statistical methods that were used to predetermine sample size OR if no sample-size calculation was performed, describe how sample sizes were chosen and provide a rationale for why these sample sizes are sufficient.</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>Data collection</td>
<td>Describe the data collection procedure, including who recorded the data and how.</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>
| Timing and spatial scale | Indicate the start and stop dates of data collection, noting the frequency and periodicity of sampling and providing a rationale for...
Timing and spatial scale

[These choices: If there is a gap between collection periods, state the dates for each sample cohort. Specify the spatial scale from which the data are taken]

Data exclusions

[If no data were excluded from the analyses, state so OR if data were excluded, describe the exclusions and the rationale behind them, indicating whether exclusion criteria were pre-established.]

Reproducibility

[Describe the measures taken to verify the reproducibility of experimental findings. For each experiment, note whether any attempts to repeat the experiment failed OR state that all attempts to repeat the experiment were successful.]

Randomization

[Describe how samples/organisms/participants were allocated into groups. If allocation was not random, describe how covariates were controlled. If this is not relevant to your study, explain why.]

Blinding

[Describe the extent of blinding used during data acquisition and analysis. If blinding was not possible, describe why OR explain why blinding was not relevant to your study.]

Field work, collection and transport

Field conditions

[Describe the study conditions for field work, providing relevant parameters (e.g. temperature, rainfall).]

Location

[State the location of the sampling or experiment, providing relevant parameters (e.g. latitude and longitude, elevation, water depth).]

Access and import/export

[Describe the efforts you have made to access habitats and to collect and import/export your samples in a responsible manner and in compliance with local, national and international laws, noting any permits that were obtained (give the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).]

Disturbance

[Describe any disturbance caused by the study and how it was minimized.]

Reporting for specific materials, systems and methods

We require information from authors about some types of materials, experimental systems and methods used in many studies. Here, indicate whether each material, system or method listed is relevant to your study. If you are not sure if a list item applies to your research, read the appropriate section before selecting a response.

Materials & experimental systems

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>n/a</th>
<th>Involved in the study</th>
</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Antibodies</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Eukaryotic cell lines</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Palaeontology</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Animals and other organisms</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Human research participants</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Clinical data</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Methods

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>n/a</th>
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</tr>
</thead>
<tbody>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>ChIP-seq</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>Flow cytometry</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>☒</td>
<td>MRI-based neuroimaging</td>
</tr>
</tbody>
</table>

Antibodies

Antibodies used

[Describe all antibodies used in the study; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.]

Validation

[Describe the validation of each primary antibody for the species and application, noting any validation statements on the manufacturer’s website, relevant citations, antibody profiles in online databases, or data provided in the manuscript.]

Eukaryotic cell lines

Policy information about cell lines

Cell line source(s)

[State the source of each cell line used.]

Authentication

[Describe the authentication procedures for each cell line used OR declare that none of the cell lines used were authenticated.]

Mycoplasma contamination

[Confirm that all cell lines tested negative for mycoplasma contamination OR describe the results of the testing for mycoplasma contamination OR declare that the cell lines were not tested for mycoplasma contamination.]

Commonly misidentified lines (See ICLAC register)

[Name any commonly misidentified cell lines used in the study and provide a rationale for their use.]
Palaeontology

Specimen provenance
Provide provenance information for specimens and describe permits that were obtained for the work (including the name of the issuing authority, the date of issue, and any identifying information).

Specimen deposition
Indicate where the specimens have been deposited to permit free access by other researchers.

Dating methods
If new dates are provided, describe how they were obtained (e.g. collection, storage, sample pretreatment and measurement), where they were obtained (i.e. lab name), the calibration program and the protocol for quality assurance OR state that no new dates are provided.

Animals and other organisms

Policy information about studies involving animals. ARRIVE guidelines recommended for reporting animal research.

Laboratory animals
Drosophila melanogaster

Wild animals
n/a

Field-collected samples
n/a

Ethics oversight
Drosophila melanogaster is an invertebrate animal. Research is not subject to regulatory oversight.

Human research participants

Policy information about studies involving human research participants.

Population characteristics
Details of each cohort are provided in Supplementary Data 1.

Recruitment
Participants were recruited prior and independent to this projects, and predominantly population based. Details incl. references are provided in Supplementary Data 1.

Ethics oversight
Each study was approved by the respective ethics committee, and all participants provided written informed consent.

Clinical data

Policy information about clinical studies.

All manuscripts should comply with the ICMJE guidelines for publication of clinical research and a completed CONSORT checklist must be included with all submissions.

Clinical trial registration
Provide the trial registration number from ClinicalTrials.gov or an equivalent agency.

Study protocol
Note where the full trial protocol can be accessed OR if not available, explain why.

Data collection
Describe the settings and locales of data collection, noting the time periods of recruitment and data collection.

Outcomes
Describe how you pre-defined primary and secondary outcome measures and how you assessed these measures.

ChIP-seq

Data deposition

Confirm that both raw and final processed data have been deposited in a public database such as GEO.

Confirm that you have deposited or provided access to graph files (e.g. BED files) for the called peaks.

Data access links
For "Initial submission" or "Revised version" documents, provide reviewer access links. For your "Final submission" document, provide a link to the deposited data.

Files in database submission
Provide a list of all files available in the database submission.

Genome browser session (e.g. UCSC)
Provide a link to an anonymized genome browser session for "Initial submission" and "Revised version" documents only, to enable peer review. Write "no longer applicable" for "Final submission" documents.
**Methodology**

**Replicates**
Describe the experimental replicates, specifying number, type and replicate agreement.

**Sequencing depth**
Describe the sequencing depth for each experiment, providing the total number of reads, uniquely mapped reads, length of reads and whether they were paired- or single-end.

**Antibodies**
Describe the antibodies used for the ChIP-seq experiments; as applicable, provide supplier name, catalog number, clone name, and lot number.

**Peak calling parameters**
Specify the command line program and parameters used for read mapping and peak calling, including the ChiP, control and index files used.

**Data quality**
Describe the methods used to ensure data quality in full detail, including how many peaks are at FDR 5% and above 5-fold enrichment.

**Software**
Describe the software used to collect and analyze the ChIP-seq data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

**Flow Cytometry**

**Plots**
- Confirm that:
  - The axis labels state the marker and fluorochrome used (e.g. CD4-FITC).
  - The axis scales are clearly visible. Include numbers along axes only for bottom left plot of group (a 'group' is an analysis of identical markers).
  - All plots are contour plots with outliers or pseudocolor plots.
  - A numerical value for number of cells or percentage (with statistics) is provided.

**Methodology**

**Sample preparation**
Describe the sample preparation, detailing the biological source of the cells and any tissue processing steps used.

**Instrument**
Identify the instrument used for data collection, specifying make and model number.

**Software**
Describe the software used to collect and analyze the flow cytometry data. For custom code that has been deposited into a community repository, provide accession details.

**Cell population abundance**
Describe the abundance of the relevant cell populations within post-sort fractions, providing details on the purity of the samples and how it was determined.

**Gating strategy**
Describe the gating strategy used for all relevant experiments, specifying the preliminary FSC/SSC gates of the starting cell population, indicating where boundaries between "positive" and "negative" staining cell populations are defined.

- Tick this box to confirm that a figure exemplifying the gating strategy is provided in the Supplementary Information.

**Magnetic resonance imaging**

**Experimental design**

**Design type**
Indicate task or resting state; event-related or block design.

**Design specifications**
Specify the number of blocks, trials or experimental units per session and/or subject, and specify the length of each trial or block (if trials are blocked) and interval between trials.

**Behavioral performance measures**
State number and/or type of variables recorded (e.g. correct button press, response time) and what statistics were used to establish that the subjects were performing the task as expected (e.g. mean, range, and/or standard deviation across subjects).
Acquisition

Imaging type(s) Specify: functional, structural, diffusion, perfusion.

Field strength Specify in Tesla

Sequence & imaging parameters Specify the pulse sequence type (gradient echo, spin echo, etc.), imaging type (EPI, spiral, etc.), field of view, matrix size, slice thickness, orientation and TE/TR/flip angle.

Area of acquisition State whether a whole brain scan was used OR define the area of acquisition, describing how the region was determined.

Diffusion MRI ☐ Used ☐ Not used

Preprocessing

Preprocessing software Provide detail on software version and revision number and on specific parameters (model/functions, brain extraction, segmentation, smoothing kernel size, etc.).

Normalization If data were normalized/standardized, describe the approach(es): specify linear or non-linear and define image types used for transformation OR indicate that data were not normalized and explain rationale for lack of normalization.

Normalization template Describe the template used for normalization/transformation, specifying subject space or group standardized space (e.g. original Talairach, MNI305, ICBM152) OR indicate that the data were not normalized.

Noise and artifact removal Describe your procedure(s) for artifact and structured noise removal, specifying motion parameters, tissue signals and physiological signals (heart rate, respiration).

Volume censoring Define your software and/or method and criteria for volume censoring, and state the extent of such censoring.

Statistical modeling & inference

Model type and settings Specify type (mass univariate, multivariate, RSA, predictive, etc.) and describe essential details of the model at the first and second levels (e.g. fixed, random or mixed effects; drift or auto-correlation).

Effect(s) tested Define precise effect in terms of the task or stimulus conditions instead of psychological concepts and indicate whether ANOVA or factorial designs were used.

Specify type of analysis: ☐ Whole brain ☐ ROI-based ☐ Both

Statistic type for inference (See Eklund et al. 2016) Specify voxel-wise or cluster-wise and report all relevant parameters for cluster-wise methods.

Correction Describe the type of correction and how it is obtained for multiple comparisons (e.g. FWE, FDR, permutation or Monte Carlo).

Models & analysis

n/a Involved in the study ☐ Functional and/or effective connectivity ☐ Graph analysis ☐ Multivariate modeling or predictive analysis

Functional and/or effective connectivity Report the measures of dependence used and the model details (e.g. Pearson correlation, partial correlation, mutual information).

Graph analysis Report the dependent variable and connectivity measure, specifying weighted graph or binarized graph, subject- or group-level, and the global and/or node summaries used (e.g. clustering coefficient, efficiency, etc.).

Multivariate modeling and predictive analysis Specify independent variables, features extraction and dimension reduction, model, training and evaluation metrics.